

R1806

Sub. Code

549101

M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER – 2024.

First Semester

Public Administration

PRINCIPLES OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

(CBCS – 2022 onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

Part A

(10 × 1 = 10)

Answer **all** the following objective questions by choosing the correct option.

1. The new public management aims at (CO1, K1)
(a) Economy (b) Efficiency
(c) Effectiveness (d) All the above
2. The classical theory of administration is also known as the (CO1, K1)
(a) Historical theory (b) Mechanistic theory
(c) Locational theory (d) Human relations theory
3. What is the optimal span of control? (CO2, K2)
(a) 2 (b) 5
(c) 7 (d) None of the above
4. Military type of organization is (CO2, K2)
(a) Line (b) Staff
(c) Line and staff (d) Project

5. What is the term for decisions limited by human capacity to absorb and analysis information? (CO3, K4)
- (a) Cognitive rationality
 - (b) Conscious rationality
 - (c) Bounded rationality
 - (d) Restricted rationality
6. _____ is the set of force that energize, direct and sustain behaviour. (CO3, K4)
- (a) Expectancy (b) Motivation
 - (c) Empowerment (d) Socialization
7. Which is the function of regulatory body? (CO4, K5)
- (a) Licensing (b) Inspection
 - (c) Enforcement (d) All the above
8. A public corporation means (CO4, K5)
- (a) Public company
 - (b) Government company
 - (c) Statutory corporation
 - (d) None of the above
9. _____ order is issued by courts towards public authorities if they fail to do their respective duties. (CO5, K6)
- (a) Writ of habeas corpus
 - (b) Writ of mandamus
 - (c) Writ of quowarranto
 - (d) Writ of certiorari
10. Success of democracy is impossible without participation of the _____. (CO5, K6)
- (a) Prime minister (b) President
 - (c) Governor (d) People

Part B

(5 × 5 = 25)

Answer **all** the questions not more than 500 words each.

11. (a) Find the reasons for the growth of New Public Management. (CO1, K1)

Or

- (b) Describe Minnow Brook conference. (CO1, K1)

12. (a) Show how authority and responsibility are the two sides of the same coin? (CO2, K2)

Or

- (b) Explain the advantages and disadvantages of decentralization. (CO2, K2)

13. (a) Distinguish between autocratic and democratic leadership. (CO3, K4)

Or

- (b) Examine control and its techniques. (CO3, K4)

14. (a) Explain the base of department. (CO4, K5)

Or

- (b) Assess the role of Public Corporations. (CO4, K5)

15. (a) Discuss the legislative control over Public Administration. (CO5, K6)

Or

- (b) Elaborate the role of media in public administration. (CO5, K6)

Part C

(5 × 8 = 40)

Answer **all** the questions not more than 1000 words each.

16. (a) Describe the evolution of public administration.
(CO1, K1)

Or

- (b) Describe the public administrations relationship with other social sciences. (CO1, K1)
17. (a) Explain the delegation of law making power of the legislature to the executive. (CO2, K2)
- Or
- (b) Explain the functions of line and staff agencies.
(CO2, K2)

18. (a) How can the organisation generate effective communication strategies at work place? (CO3, K4)
- Or
- (b) Distinguish between hygiene factors and motivation factors according to Herzberg's two factor theory.
(CO3, K4)

19. (a) How do government companies impact the local and national economy in terms of employment and investment? (CO4, K5)
- Or
- (b) Explain the role of independent regulatory commission in protecting consumer rights and ensuring fair competitions. (CO4, K5)

20. (a) Elaborate judicial control over public administration. (CO5, K6)
- Or
- (b) Discuss the importance of peoples participation in public administration. (CO5, K6)

R1807

Sub. Code

549102

M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER – 2024

First Semester

Public Administration

ADMINISTRATIVE THOUGHT

(CBCS – 2022 onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

Part A

(10 × 1 = 10)

Answer **all** the following objective questions by
choosing the correct option.

1. Kautilya is also known as (CO1, K2)
(a) Chanakya
(b) Vishnugupta
(c) Indian Machiavellie
(d) All the above
2. Arthashastra was written in _____ (CO1, K2)
(a) English (b) Sanskrit
(c) Hindi (d) Urdu
3. _____ is also known as the father of scientific management. (CO2, K1)
(a) Woodrow Wilson (b) Thiruvalluvar
(c) Kautilya (d) F.W. Taylor

4. The methodology of social science book is written by (CO2, K1)
 - (a) Karl Marx
 - (b) Max Weber
 - (c) Kautilya
 - (d) Woodrow Wilson
5. Which one of the following is not a way of resolving conflicts according to M.P. Follett? (CO3, K5)
 - (a) Legal Methods
 - (b) Domination
 - (c) Integration
 - (d) Compromise
6. 'The Functions of the Executive' was written by (CO3, K5)
 - (a) Mary Parker Follet
 - (b) Chester Barnard
 - (c) Woodrow Wilson
 - (d) Elton Mayo
7. Herbert Simon's decision making model consist of (CO4, K4)
 - (a) Intelligence
 - (b) Design
 - (c) Choice
 - (d) All the above
8. Who has putforth the hierarchy of needs? (CO4, K4)
 - (a) Kurt Lewin
 - (b) Herzberg
 - (c) Abraham Maslow
 - (d) None of the above
9. Who wrote prismatic society revisited? (CO5, K6)
 - (a) Weiner
 - (b) Riggs
 - (c) Dwight Waldo
 - (d) Abraham Maslow
10. "Public policy Re-examined" was written by (CO5, K6)
 - (a) McGregor
 - (b) Herzberg
 - (c) Yehezkel Dor
 - (d) None of the above

Part B

(5 × 5 = 25)

Answer **all** the questions not more than 500 words each.

11. (a) Express your views about 'Saptanga theory'.
(CO1, K2)

Or

- (b) Explain how Woodrow Wilson examine the relationship between administration and politics.
(CO1, K2)

12. (a) What is 'Soldiering' according to F.W. Taylor?
(CO2, K1)

Or

- (b) Why Max Weber's name is associated with bureaucracy?
(CO2, K1)

13. (a) Assess the views of Mary Parker Follet on 'Management'.
(CO3, K5)

Or

- (b) Describe Chester Barnard's views on 'theory of authority'.
(CO3, K5)

14. (a) Examine Simon's concept of Administrative science.
(CO4, K4)

Or

- (b) Examine Marxist perspective about origin of Bureaucracy.
(CO4, K4)

15. (a) Discuss the concept of linking pin Model of Rensis Likert.
(CO5, K6)

Or

- (b) Discuss Dror's view on Public Policy. (CO5, K6)

Part C

(5 × 8 = 40)

Answer **all** the questions not more than 1000 words each.

16. (a) Show the ideas of Kautilya on 'Principles of Public Administration'. (CO1, K2)

Or

- (b) Explain the contribution of Thiruvalluvar to 'administration'. (CO1, K2)

17. (a) Describe F.W. Taylor's principles of scientific management. (CO2, K1)

Or

- (b) Describe Henry Fayols ideas on 'Management'. (CO2, K1)

18. (a) Explain Elton Mayo's Hawthorne studies. (CO3, K5)

Or

- (b) Assess Chester Barnard's view about formal and informal organization. (CO3, K5)

19. (a) Examine Herbert A. Simon's concept of bounded rationality in decision making. (CO4, K4)

Or

- (b) Examine Abraham Maslow's contribution to motivation theory. (CO4, K4)

20. (a) Elaborate Rensis Likert's research on Management practices. (CO5, K6)

Or

- (b) Discuss about F.W. Riggs contribution to administrative theory. (CO5, K6)

R1808

Sub. Code

549103

M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER – 2024

First Semester

Public Administration

INDIAN CONSTITUTION

(CBCS – 2022 onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

Part A

(10 × 1 = 10)

Answer **all** the following objective questions by choosing the correct option.

1. In which year Indian National Congress first time officially demanded a constituent assembly. (CO1, K2)
(a) 1933 (b) 1934
(c) 1935 (d) 1936
2. 42nd Constitutional Amendment Act. (CO1, K2)
(a) 1976 (b) 1977
(c) 1978 (d) 1979
3. _____ is the head of the Indian State, (CO2, K3)
(a) Prime Minister (b) President
(c) Governor (d) Attorney general
4. _____ says that the Prime Minister shall be appointed by President. (CO2, K3)
(a) Article 73 (b) Article 74
(c) Article 75 (d) Article 76

5. _____ of the constitution deals with the state executive. (CO3, K5)
- (a) Part III (b) Part IV
(c) Part V (d) Part VI
6. _____ have a bicameral system. (CO3, K5)
- (a) Karnataka (b) Tamil Nadu
(c) Kerala (d) None of the above
7. The Union List consists of _____ subjects. (CO4, K4)
- (a) 68 (b) 78
(c) 88 (d) 98
8. NITI Aayog. (CO4, K4)
- (a) National Institution for Transforming India
(b) National Institution for Technical India
(c) National Institution for Trade India
(d) None of the above
9. Union Public Service Commission is a (CO5, K6)
- (a) Statutory body
(b) Constitutional body
(c) Created by resolution
(d) None of the above
10. _____ is the highest law officer in the states. (CO5, K6)
- (a) Attorney general
(b) Advocate general
(c) Comptroller and auditor general
(d) None of the above

Part B

(5 × 5 = 25)

Answer **all** questions not more than 500 words each.

11. (a) Summarize the preamble of the Indian Constitution. (CO1, K2)

Or

- (b) Show the rights and privileges of an Indian Citizen. (CO1, K2)

12. (a) Construct your ideas about the significance of Supreme Court. (CO2, K3)

Or

- (b) Identify the importance of judicial review. (CO2, K3)

13. (a) Assess the powers of council of Ministers. (CO3, K5)

Or

- (b) Explain the functions of High Court. (CO3, K5)

14. (a) Distinguish central and state legislature. (CO4, K4)

Or

- (b) Examine the emergency provisions of the Indian Constitution. (CO4, K4)

15. (a) Discuss the powers of Attorney General. (CO5, K6)

Or

- (b) Discuss the powers of Advocate General. (CO5, K6)

Part C

(5 × 8 = 40)

Answer **all** the questions not more than 1000 words each.

16. (a) Explain the salient features of the Indian Constitution. (CO1, K2)

Or

- (b) Express your views about the significance of Fundamental Rights. (CO1, K2)

17. (a) How does the council of Ministers identify the key sectors that require immediate attention? Illustrate with examples. (CO2, K3)

Or

- (b) Identify the powers and functions of Parliament. (CO2, K3)

18. (a) Explain the powers and functions of Chief Minister. (CO3, K5)

Or

- (b) Evaluate the working of State Legislature. (CO3, K5)

19. (a) Examine the salient features of Indian Federalism. (CO4, K4)

Or

- (b) Discuss the key recommendations generated by Sarkaria Commission in India. (CO4, K4)

20. (a) Discuss the activities of Union Public Service. (CO5, K6)

Or

- (b) Elaborate the working of Election Commission of India. (CO5, K6)

R1809

Sub. Code

549104

M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER – 2024

First Semester

Public Administration

INDIAN ADMINISTRATION

(CBCS – 2022 onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

Part A

(10 × 1 = 10)

Answer **all** the following objective questions by choosing the correct option.

1. The political part of Indian constitution has been largely drawn from (CO1, K2)
 - (a) British constitution
 - (b) Australia constitution
 - (c) France constitution
 - (d) None of the above
2. The term 'Secular' was added to the preamble by (CO1, K2)
 - (a) 42 amendment (b) 43rd amendment
 - (c) 44th amendment (d) 45th amendment
3. Prime minister's appointed by the president (CO2, K5)
 - (a) Article 65 (b) Article 75
 - (c) Article 85 (d) Article 95

4. _____ is the head of the Indian state (CO2, K5)
- (a) President (b) Prime minister
(c) Governor (d) None of the above
5. _____ of the constitution deals with the Government in the states (CO3, K4)
- (a) Part VI (b) Part VII
(c) Part VIII (d) Part IX
6. _____ maintains order and decorum in the state assembly (CO3, K4)
- (a) Chief minister (b) Opposition leader
(c) Speaker (d) None of the above
7. The administrative head of a district is (CO4, K6)
- (a) District collector
(b) Divisional commissioner
(c) Superintendent of police
(d) Block development officer
8. _____ is the unit of administration at the lowest level of the state (CO4, K6)
- (a) District (b) Block
(c) Division (d) None of the above
9. The RTI application is addressed to (CO5, K4)
- (a) C.M. of respective state
(b) P.M.
(c) President
(d) Public information officer

10. Digital India programme is applied in the field of (CO5, K4)
- (a) Land records
 - (b) Child education
 - (c) Government jobs
 - (d) All the above

Part B

(5 × 5 = 25)

Answer **all** the questions not more than 500 words each.

11. (a) Outline the objectives of Indian administration
(CO1, K2)

Or

- (b) Explain the legacies of the British administration.
(CO1, K2)

12. (a) Assess the functions of ministry of home affairs.
(CO2, K5)

Or

- (b) "The office of the Prime Minister is the most powerful office in India"-Justify. (CO2, K5)

13. (a) Distinguish between secretariat and executive department.
(CO3, K4)

Or

- (b) Examine the powers of chief secretary. (CO3, K4)

14. (a) Estimate the functions of district revenue officer.
(CO4, K6)

Or

- (b) Discuss the role of zonal commissioner in the development of zones. (CO4, K6)

15. (a) Generate your views about Indian administration.
(CO5, K4)

Or

- (b) Interpret politics and corruptions in Indian administration. (CO5, K4)

Part C

(5 × 8 = 40)

Answer **all** questions not more than 1000 words each.

16. (a) Explain the salient features of Indian Administration. (CO1, K2)

Or

- (b) Explain the administrative relations between the centre and state. (CO1, K2)

17. (a) 'Primary duty of the president is to preserve, protect and defend the constitution'-Justify. (CO2, K5)

Or

- (b) Explain the structure of central secretariat with its functions. (CO2, K5)

18. (a) Examine the powers and functions of Governor. (CO3, K4)

Or

- (b) Examine the powers and functions of the Chief Minister. (CO3, K4)

19. (a) Compile the functions of district administration. (CO4, K6)

Or

- (b) Discuss the role of district collector. (CO4, K6)

20. (a) Interpret the impact of globalization on Indian administration. (CO5, K4)

Or

- (b) Examine the effectiveness of digitalization in Indian administration. (CO5, K4)

R1810

Sub. Code

549501

M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER – 2024

First Semester

Public Administration

**Elective — HUMAN RIGHTS ADMINISTRATION
IN INDIA**

(CBCS – 2022 onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

Part A

(10 × 1 = 10)

Answer **all** the following objective questions by choosing
the correct option.

1. Magnacarta, charter of English liberties granted by
(CO1, K2)
(a) King Charles (b) King John
(c) King Roosevelt (d) None of the above
2. Who played an important role in international human
rights law? (CO1, K2)
(a) Economic summit
(b) World war
(c) The united nations
(d) None of the above
3. Fundamental rights are guaranteed by _____ of the
Indian constitution (CO2, K5)
(a) Part II (b) Part III
(c) Part IV (d) Part V

4. Right to social security in old age (CO2, K5)
 - (a) Article 41 (b) Article 42
 - (c) Article 43 (d) Article 44
5. _____ of UN recommend measures to promote respect for human rights (CO3, K6)
 - (a) Trusteeship council
 - (b) General assembly
 - (c) Economic and social council
 - (d) None of the above
6. UDHR adopted by UN general assembly on (CO3, K6)
 - (a) 6th December 1948
 - (b) 7th December 1948
 - (c) 9th December 1948
 - (d) 10th December 1948
7. Domestic violence Act of _____ (CO4, K4)
 - (a) 2003 (b) 2004
 - (c) 2005 (d) 2006
8. Protection of civil rights act (CO4, K4)
 - (a) 1954 (b) 1955
 - (c) 1956 (d) 1957
9. Amnesty international was established in (CO5, K4)
 - (a) 1961 (b) 1962
 - (c) 1963 (d) 1964
10. _____ is essential to the strengthening of human rights (CO5, K4)
 - (a) Autocracy (b) Diplomacy
 - (c) Democracy (d) None of the above

Part B

(5 × 5 = 25)

Answer **all** questions not more than 500 words each.

11. (a) Explain the nature of human rights. (CO1, K2)

Or

- (b) Outline the scope of human rights. (CO1, K2)

12. (a) Interpret how democracy influence the protection of human rights. (CO2, K5)

Or

- (b) Evaluate the right to constitutional remedies. (CO2, K5)

13. (a) Discuss the functions of united nations high commissioner for human rights. (CO3, K6)

Or

- (b) Discuss the functions of international human rights commission. (CO3, K6)

14. (a) Interpret the role of national commission for SC and STs in protecting their rights. (CO4, K4)

Or

- (b) Examine the protection of civil rights Act 1955. (CO4, K4)

15. (a) Compare the role of social media and print media in protecting human rights. (CO5, K4)

Or

- (b) Examine the challenges faced by dalits. (CO5, K4)

Part C

(5 × 8 = 40)

Answer **all** questions not more than 1000 words each.

16. (a) Explain the evolution of human rights in the international perspective. (CO1, K2)

Or

- (b) Describe the classification of human rights. (CO1, K2)

17. (a) Interpret how preamble is the part of Indian constitution. (CO2, K5)

Or

- (b) Explain the directive principles of state policy. (CO2, K5)

18. (a) Compile the articles of UDHR 1948. (CO3, K6)

Or

- (b) Discuss the development of UDHR as an international instrument. (CO3, K6)

19. (a) Examine the powers and functions of national human rights commission. (CO4, K4)

Or

- (b) Examine the domestic violence Act of 2005. (CO4, K4)

20. (a) Generate the role of voluntary organizations in the protection of human rights. (CO5, K4)

Or

- (b) Examine the role of government in protecting women's rights. (CO5, K4)

R1811

Sub. Code

549301

M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER – 2024

Third Semester

Public Administration

PUBLIC FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION

(CBCS – 2022 onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

Part A

(10 × 1 = 10)

Answer **all** the following objective type questions by choosing the correct option.

1. The term 'Budget' was used for the first time in _____.
(CO1, K1)
(a) 1770 (b) 1771
(c) 1772 (d) 1773
2. The scope of public financial administration encompasses the _____
(CO1, K1)
(a) Preparation of estimates
(b) Appropriation of funds
(c) Expenditure control
(d) All of these
3. Adoption of performance budgeting in India was recommended first by _____.
(CO2, K2)
(a) Public accounts committee
(b) Estimates committee
(c) Political affairs committee
(d) DRSC

4. _____ is a formal process of policy review for eliminating the undesired, outdated, redundant and irrelevant programmes. (CO2, K2)
 - (a) Top-down budgeting
 - (b) Programme budgeting
 - (c) Sunset legislation
 - (d) Zero-based budgeting
5. The financial year in India is from _____. (CO3, K2)
 - (a) January 1st to December 31st
 - (b) April 1st to March 31st
 - (c) June 1st to May 31st
 - (d) November 1st to October 30th
6. No tax shall be levied or collected except by authority of law as per Article _____. (CO3, K2)
 - (a) 245 (b) 255
 - (c) 265 (d) 266
7. _____ is an example of indirect tax. (CO4, K4)
 - (a) Income tax (b) Corporate tax
 - (c) Customs duty (d) Inheritance tax
8. The Goods and Services Act, 2017 includes _____ Acts under it. (CO4, K4)
 - (a) 2 (b) 3
 - (c) 4 (d) 5
9. _____ consists of members only from Lok Sabha. (CO5, K5)
 - (a) Public accounts committee
 - (b) Estimates committee
 - (c) Committee on public undertaking
 - (d) Departmentally related standing committee

10. Which of the following committees recommended the separation of accounts from audit? (CO5, K5)
- (a) Inchcape committee
 - (b) Muddiman committee
 - (c) Simon commission
 - (d) All of these

Part B (5 × 5 = 25)

Answer **all** the questions not more than 500 words each.

11. (a) Define public financial administration in the context of its functions. (CO1, K1)

Or

- (b) What are the components of public financial administration? (CO1, K1)

12. (a) Outline the objectives of programme budgeting. (CO2, K2)

Or

- (b) Summarize the advantages of zero-based budgeting. (CO2, K2)

13. (a) Classify the constitutional provisions related to enactment of budget. (CO3, K2)

Or

- (b) Explain the role of financial committees involved in British budgetary system. (CO3, K2)

14. (a) Distinguish between direct taxes and indirect taxes. (CO4, K4)

Or

- (b) Interpret the causes and consequences of deficit financing. (CO4, K4)

15. (a) Evaluate the role and functions of committee on public undertakings. (CO5, K5)

Or

- (b) Interpret the concept and meaning of auditing. (CO5, K5)

Part C

(5 × 8 = 40)

Answer **all** the questions not more than 1000 words each.

16. (a) Recall the various roles played by public financial administration. (CO1, K1)

Or

- (b) Describe the principles of budgeting practised in India. (CO1, K1)

17. (a) Explain the features of sunset legislation. (CO2, K2)

Or

- (b) Outline the merits and demerits of performance based budgeting. (CO2, K2)

18. (a) Summarise the stages involved in enactment of budget. (CO3, K2)

Or

- (b) Classify the agencies involved in USA budgetary procedure. (CO3, K2)

19. (a) Interpret the functions of Finance Commission of India. (CO4, K4)

Or

- (b) Categories the legislations under GST Act. (CO4, K4)

20. (a) Explain the duties and responsibilities of controller and auditor general of India. (CO5, K5)

Or

- (b) Compare the functions of Public Accounts Committee and Estimates Committee. (CO5, K5)

R1812

Sub. Code

549302

M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER – 2024

Third Semester

Public Administration

DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION

(CBCS – 2022 onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

Part A

(10 × 1 = 10)

Answer **all** the following objective questions by choosing the correct option.

1. Who is known as the 'father of development administration'? (CO1, K2)
(a) Edward Weidner (b) U.L. Goswami
(c) George Gant (d) Ramesh K. Arora
2. Traditional administration focuses on _____ oriented. (CO1, K2)
(a) unlimited (b) non-status quo
(c) chain of command (d) outer-looking
3. The District Rural development agency was established under the ministry of _____. (CO2, K2)
(a) home affairs (b) rural development
(c) agriculture (d) urban affairs

4. _____ is a system of organisation where decisions are made by a body on non-elected officials. (CO2, K2)
 - (a) Bureaucracy (b) Proletariat
 - (c) Revolution (d) Aristocracy
5. The office of the district collector in India is based on the principle of _____. (CO2, K2)
 - (a) Deconcentration (b) Devolution
 - (c) Decentralisation (d) Delegation
6. NITI Aayog was formed in the year _____. (CO3, K1)
 - (a) 2010 (b) 2020
 - (c) 2012 (d) 2015
7. Public sector undertakings can generate revenue for the government through _____. (CO4, K4)
 - (a) profits (b) dividends
 - (c) taxes (d) all the above
8. Which international organization often provides financial and technical assistance for poverty alleviation programs in developing countries. (CO4, K4)
 - (a) International Olympic Committee
 - (b) World Bank
 - (c) International space station
 - (d) UNESCO
9. Which SDG addresses the conservation and sustainable use of ocean, seas and marine resources? (CO5, K5)
 - (a) SDG 11 (b) SDG 16
 - (c) SDG 14 (d) SDG 17
10. The headquarter of Asian Development Bank is situated in _____. (CO5, K5)
 - (a) Sanghai (b) Manila
 - (c) New York (d) Seoul

Part B

(5 × 5 = 25)

Answer **all** questions not more than 500 words each.

11. (a) Explain the meaning and nature of development administration. (CO1, K2)

Or

- (b) Outline the key characteristics of development administration. (CO1, K2)

12. (a) Explain the significance of bureaucracy in facilitating development initiatives. (CO2, K2)

Or

- (b) Illustrate how bureaucracy influences policy implementation for rural development. (CO2, K2)

13. (a) List out the key challenges in rural development in India and suggest measures to address them. (CO3, K1)

Or

- (b) Show that the concept of micro-level planning and its importance in rural development. (CO3, K1)

14. (a) Interpret the role of public sector units in promoting employment generation. (CO4, K4)

Or

- (b) Classify social protection programs aimed at reducing poverty. (CO4, K4)

15. (a) Interpret the role of the IMF in economic stabilization of the country. (CO5, K5)

Or

- (b) Interpret the role of Asian Development Bank in promoting infrastructure development in member countries. (CO5, K5)

Part C

(5 × 8 = 40)

Answer **all** questions not more than 1000 words each.

16. (a) Illustrate the evolution of development administration. (CO1, K2)
Or
(b) Compare and contrast traditional public administration and development administration. (CO1, K2)
17. (a) Summarize the operational objectives of District Rural Development Agency (DRDA) for local communities. (CO2, K2)
Or
(b) Explain the evolving responsibilities of the district collector to socio-economic changes in India. (CO2, K2)
18. (a) Describe the composition and functions of the National Development council (NDC) in the planning process of India. (CO3, K1)
Or
(b) Describe the composition and functions of District Planning Committees (DPCs) in India. (CO3, K1)
19. (a) Interpret the impact of technology adoption policies on agricultural productivity. (CO4, K4)
Or
(b) Examine the impact of smart city initiatives. (CO4, K4)
20. (a) Explain the role of international organizations in promoting development administration. (CO5, K5)
Or
(b) Explain the role of (SDG) sustainable Development Goals in measuring progress towards global development goals. (CO5, K5)

R1813

Sub. Code

549303

M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER – 2024

Third Semester

Public Administration

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

(CBCS – 2022 onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

Part A

(10 × 1 = 10)

Answer **all** the following objective questions by choosing the correct option.

1. _____ research is designed to identify solution to specific problems or answers to particular questions.
(CO1, K2)
(a) Main (b) Allied
(c) Applied (d) Fundamental
2. Research _____ may be defined as active adherence to ethical principle that should be followed in every research.
(CO1, K2)
(a) integrity (b) validity
(c) dignity (d) exploit
3. _____ approach is value free based on observation.
(CO2, K6)
(a) Normative (b) Empirical
(c) Critical (d) All the above

4. _____ is a tentative statement in a research. (CO2, K6)
- (a) Research ethics (b) Hypothesis
(c) Sample (d) Research report
5. _____ research refers to a systematic process of observing and describing what a subject does without influencing them. (CO3, K1)
- (a) Experimental (b) Co-relational
(c) Exploratory (d) Descriptive
6. Research _____ is the framework of research methods of techniques chosen by a research to conduct a study. (CO3, K1)
- (a) report (b) data
(c) design (d) sample
7. Pick the odd one out (CO4, K5)
- (a) observation (b) experiments
(c) interview (d) case-study
8. The _____ sampling method is a technique in which the researcher selects sample based on subjective judgement. (CO4, K5)
- (a) non-probability (b) simple random
(c) probability (d) none of the above
9. A _____ is a list of written source used for preparing the research report. (CO5, K4)
- (a) style (b) bibliography
(c) appendices (d) presentation

10. ISBN stands for _____ (CO5, K4)
- (a) International Standard Book Number
 - (b) International Standard Barcode Number
 - (c) Inter-continental Safeguard on Book Number
 - (d) None of the above

Part B

(5 × 5 = 25)

Answer **all** the questions in not more than 500 words each.

11. (a) Summarize the scope and nature of social science research. (CO1, K2)
- Or
- (b) Explain the importance of ethics and integrity in social science research. (CO1, K2)
12. (a) Formulate a hypothesis and identify variables for a social science study. (CO2, K6)
- Or
- (b) Discuss descriptive method in social science research in brief. (CO2, K6)
13. (a) Define exploratory research design and its importance. (CO3, K1)
- Or
- (b) What is descriptive research design? Provide an example. (CO3, K1)
14. (a) Interpret the role of interviews in gathering qualitative data. (CO4, K5)
- Or
- (b) Compare any two sampling methods. (CO4, K5)
15. (a) Classify the main sections found in a research report. (CO5, K4)
- Or
- (b) Explain the purpose of tables and figures in a research report. (CO5, K4)

Part C

(5 × 8 = 40)

Answer **all** the questions in not more than 1000 words each.

16. (a) Express recent advancement in social science research methodologies. (CO1, K2)

Or

- (b) Outline common challenges faced in social science research. (CO1, K2)

17. (a) Describe how empirical method is applied in social science research. (CO2, K6)

Or

- (b) Discuss the significance of critical theory in social science research. (CO2, K6)

18. (a) Discuss the steps involved in conducting an experimental research design. (CO3, K1)

Or

- (b) Describe the process of conducting content analysis in research. (CO3, K1)

19. (a) Assess the advantages and disadvantages of using computer applications in data analysis. (CO4, K5)

Or

- (b) Evaluate the different sampling methods in social science research. (CO4, K5)

20. (a) Distinguish between a research report and a research proposal. (CO5, K4)

Or

- (b) Explain the purpose of appendices in a research report. (CO5, K4)

R1814

Sub. Code

549506

M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER – 2024

Third Semester

Public Administration

**Elective: ADMINISTRATION OF PUBLIC
ENTERPRISES**

(CBCS – 2022 onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 75 Marks

Part A

(10 × 1 = 10)

Answer **all** the following objective questions by choosing the correct option.

1. The public sector provides an essential base for faster _____ growth of the country. (CO1, K2)
(a) Economic (b) Political
(c) Social (d) None of the above
2. The public enterprises can be controlled by the _____ government. (CO1, K2)
(a) State (b) Central
(c) Both (a) and (b) (d) Neither (a) nor (b)
3. Which one of the following is not a form of public enterprises? (CO2, K1)
(a) Departmental forms
(b) Public corporation
(c) Government companies
(d) Private entities

4. In India, disinvestment in public sector unit is called _____. (CO2, K1)
(a) Privitization (b) Industrialisation
(c) Globalisation (d) Localisation
5. Which one of the following is not a component of personal management? (CO3, K5)
(a) Compensation (b) Labor relations
(c) Awareness (d) Performance Appraisals
6. Percentage of government capital in government company is _____. (CO3, K5)
(a) 50 (b) 51
(c) 52 (d) 49
7. Life Insurance corporation (LIC) of India was established in which year? (CO4, K4)
(a) 1947 (b) 1956
(c) 1948 (d) 1957
8. Pick the odd one out: (CO4, K4)
(a) Miniratna (b) Maharatna
(c) Pancharatna (d) Navaratna
9. Withdrawal of state from an industry or sector partially or fully is called _____. (CO5, K6)
(a) Liberalisation (b) Privatization
(c) Globalisation (d) Industrialization
10. Globalisation is a _____ concept. (CO5, K6)
(a) Narrow (b) Broad
(c) Wider (d) Multidimensional

Part B

(5 × 5 = 25)

Answer **all** the questions not more than 500 words each.

11. (a) Describe the characteristic features of public enterprise. (CO1, K2)

Or

- (b) Outline the objectives of public enterprises. (CO1, K2)

12. (a) Define the departmental form of public enterprise and its characteristics. (CO2, K1)

Or

- (b) Outline the role of bureau of public enterprises in managing public entities. (CO2, K1)

13. (a) Explain the role of training programs in enhancing productivity within the public enterprises. (CO3, K5)

Or

- (b) Explain the recruitment process of Public Enterprises. (CO3, K5)

14. (a) Examine the importance of memorandum of understanding (MOU) in public enterprise. (CO4, K4)

Or

- (b) Interpret the role of articles of association in public enterprises. (CO4, K4)

15. (a) Discuss the impact of liberalisation policies in country's economic development. (CO5, K6)

Or

- (b) Explain how strategic public relations can enhance the image and credibility of public enterprises? (CO5, K6)

Part C

(5 × 8 = 40)

Answer **all** the questions not more than 1000 words each.

16. (a) Explain the role of public enterprise in developing countries? (CO1, K2)

Or

- (b) Summarise the significance of public enterprise in a country's economy. (CO1, K2)

17. (a) Describe the powers and functions of the bureau of public enterprises. (CO2, K1)

Or

- (b) List out the characteristics of a public corporation as a form of public enterprise. (CO2, K1)

18. (a) Discuss the significance of Ministerial control over public enterprise in a democratic government. (CO3, K5)

Or

- (b) Evaluate the role of worker's participation in public enterprise. (CO3, K5)

19. (a) Classify Navaratna and Miniratna form of public enterprises. (CO4, K4)

Or

- (b) Examine the strategies of disinvestment in public enterprises. (CO4, K4)

20. (a) Describe the relationship between public enterprises and the government. (CO5, K1)

Or

- (b) Explain how regulatory mechanisms ensure fair competition and accountability in public enterprises. (CO5, K2)